

MARYLAND

Reserve Component	
Gains	Losses
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Build 1 Armed Forces Reserve Center at Ft Detrick 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Close 1 Armed Forces Reserve Center and its organizational maintenance shop
Aberdeen Proving Grounds	
Gains	Losses
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Vehicle Technology Directorates of Army Research Laboratory Langley and Army Research Laboratory Glenn • Army Research Lab functions from White Sands Missile Range • Sensors, Electronics, Electronics Warfare, and Information RDA and Program Executive Offices for Command, Control, Communications Tactical, and Intelligence, Electronic Warfare, and Sensors from Ft Monmouth • The Joint Program Executive Office for Chemical Biological Defense from lease space • Army Test and Evaluation Command HQs, and the Army Evaluation Center from lease space • Civilian Personnel Operations Center from Rock Island Arsenal • Medical Chemical Defense Research from the Walter Reed Army Institute of Research, • Navy non-medical chem bio research from Dahlgren • Air Force non-medical chem. bio research from Brooks City Base 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ordnance Center and School to Ft Lee • The Army Environmental Center to Ft Sam Houston • Pre-deployment/mobilization functions to Ft Dix
Army Research Laboratories (ARL), Adelphi	
Gains	Losses
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • None 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Armament Research Development and Engineering Center to Picatinny Arsenal
Ft Detrick	
Gains	Losses
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Medical Biological Defense Research from Walter Reed Army Medical Center and various activities throughout NCR • Consolidated Armed Forces Reserve Center from Frederick, MD 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • None
Ft Meade	
Gains	Losses
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Media activities from Ft Belvoir, lease sites, and Lackland AFB • DoD adjudication and security clearance offices from Washington Navy Yard, Bolling AFB, Soldier Systems Center in Natick, and the Pentagon • Information systems and Command and Control offices from lease sites and the Naval Support Activity in Florida. • The Joint Network Management System Program Office, from Ft Monmouth 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • None

Army Net Personnel Impacts			Active Army MILCON (\$M)	Army Economic Impact (\$M)
Military	Civilian	Student	Cost Estimate	Total State Salary Change
105	8,272	-2,777	\$911.0	\$458.4

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- The Army intends to transform its active and reserve facilities in the state to gain a more efficient and effective organization to support Army requirements now and into the future by creating:
 - Over 3,500 high-tech and professional jobs at Ft Meade
 - A multi-functional reserve facility that will enhance unit readiness, increase training opportunities, and generate operational efficiencies at Ft Detrick
 - Joint Centers of Excellence for Medical and Chem Bio research at Ft Detrick
 - Transform APG into a full spectrum research, development, acquisition, test and evaluation (T&E) center for C4ISR Systems

Transform Reserve Component Facilities in the State of Maryland

BRAC 2005 recommendations transform Reserve Component facilities in the State of Maryland into multi-functional installations that will enhance unit readiness, increase training opportunities, and generate operational efficiencies. These transformed facilities will provide the capability to conduct Soldier Readiness Processing and Home Station Mobilization, reduce the number of substandard / undersized Reserve Component facilities, enhance Anti-Terror / Force-Protection, promote effective recruiting and retention, and enhance the Homeland Security and Homeland Defense capabilities of the Army Reserve and the Army National Guard.

Armed Forces Reserve Center Frederick (New Facility)

Close the Flair Memorial Armed Forces Reserve Center and its organizational maintenance shop in Frederick, Maryland and re-locate US Army Reserve and US Marine Corps Reserve units to new consolidated Armed Forces Reserve Center and organizational maintenance support facility on Fort Detrick, Maryland.

Why: The implementation of this recommendation will enhance military value, improve homeland defense capability, greatly improve training and deployment capability, create significant efficiencies and cost savings, and is consistent with the Army's force structure plans and Army transformational objectives.

This recommendation considered feasible locations within the demographic and geographic areas of the closing facilities and affected units. The site selected was determined as the best location because it optimizes the Reserve Components ability to recruit and retain Reserve Component soldiers and to train and mobilize units impacted by this recommendation.

This recommendation provides the opportunity for other Local, State, or Federal organizations to partner with the Reserve Components to enhance Homeland Security and Homeland Defense at a reduced cost to those agencies.

Quantitative Results

USAR Facilities closing	1	ARNG Facilities closing	0
Approximate Closing Square Footage	13,158	Approximate New Military Construction Square Footage	27,772

Estimated Implementation Timeline:

Design new AFRCs and acquire land	FY06	Construct new AFRCs	FY07
Relocate units to new AFRCs	FY08	Shut down closing facilities	FY08

Internal Communications:

- The Army knows that transforming Reserve Component facilities is the key to enable Reserve forces to better meet current and future operational requirements. BRAC helps us get there.
- Closing these Reserve Component facilities is offset by the construction of a modern Armed Forces Reserve Center that will be the right size and design to support our unit and other local Guard and Reserve units that will be stationed there.
- Transforming Reserve Component facilities in the State of Maryland will improve training, readiness and quality of life for more than 280 Reserve Component soldiers, full-time unit support personnel, and their families.

External Communications: (Civilian community)

- The Secretary of Defense's BRAC 2005 recommendations demonstrate that Reserve Component facilities are valuable installations to the Army and DoD.
- The Department of the Army has more than 4000 Reserve Component facilities across the United States. Because of the sheer numbers of these facilities, the process the Army had developed for arriving at a quantitative military value score for its 97 major installations (including leases) was not practical for its Reserve Component facilities. Additionally, if measured by the active process, which valued training lands and ranges among other things, the Reserve Component facilities would not have compared well against the active installations. For these reasons, it was the military judgment of the Department of the Army that it needed to craft a unique approach for ascertaining the overall military value of Reserve Component facilities.
- A team of functional experts from Headquarters, Department of the Army, the Office of the State Adjutant General, and the Army Reserve Regional Readiness Command conducted a military value assessment of state-owned and Army Reserve sub-threshold facilities. These facilities were assessed, specifically against DoD Criteria one through four, in their ability to support joint stationing options that enhance Army and DoD transformation.
- The Department of the Army decided to consolidate multiple Army Reserve Centers and, where allowed, Army National Guard Armories into modern Armed Forces Reserve Centers because of their potential to enhance Reserve Component operations, training, mobilization and power projection capabilities, and their ability to sustain recruiting and retention.
- The sites for the new AFRCs are also based on their ability to consolidate functions wherever appropriate, to include schools, personnel, logistics, and other management functions.

- New AFRC sites were also selected based on their ability to relocate Reserve Component units and activities from leased and encroached properties that do not meet anti-terrorism and force-protection requirements onto established military facilities, and their ability to ensure the future readiness of Army forces while reducing the long-term costs of sustaining the base structure.
- It is a part of the plan to transform our Armed Services.
- We expect the demands on the community and the benefits to the community from the closure of these Reserve Component properties and the construction of a new Armed Forces Reserve Center will be minimal.

Approving BRAC Recommendations - Statutory Steps:

- 08 Sept 05 BRAC Commission recommendations due to President
- 23 Sept 05 President approves/disapproves Commission recommendations
- 20 Oct 05 Commission resubmits recommendations (if initially rejected by President)
- 07 Nov 05 President submits final recommendations to Congress. Once submitted, the plan becomes final within 45 legislative days, unless Congress passes a joint resolution to block the entire package.

According to BRAC law, this action must be initiated within two years and completed within six years from the date the President transmits the report to Congress.

Aberdeen Proving Ground (APG)

The Army transforms Aberdeen Proving Ground (APG) to a full spectrum research, development, acquisition, test and evaluation (T&E) center for C4ISR, Defense Chemical and Biological Systems. The realignment will enhance the installation's value of research, acquisition, and test and provide for economies in the use of equipment and expertise. This recommendation also consolidates the Army Test and Evaluation Command (ATEC) Headquarters and Civilian Personnel Offices at Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD.

Incoming Activities

What: The Vehicle Technology Directorates of Army Research Laboratory Langley, VA, and Army Research Laboratory Glenn, OH.

Why: Realigns and consolidates portions of the Air Force and Army Research Laboratories to enable technical synergy, and positions the Department of the Defense to exploit a center-of-mass of scientific, technical, and acquisition expertise with the personnel to provide the Air Force and Army as required by the Force Structure Plan of 2025.

What: ARL's Survivability/Lethality Analysis Directorate (SLAD) and Battlespace Environment (BE) Division of the Computer and Information Systems Directorate (CISD) from WSMR, NM.

Why: Enable significant levels of synergism and efficiency between the C4ISR research being consolidated at Adelphi and the analysis and evaluation currently conducted at WSMR.

What: Communications-Electronics Command (CECOM), Communications-Electronics Research Development and Engineering Center (CERDEC), Development and Acquisition Logistics Support, Software Engineering Center, Program Executive Office for Intelligence, Electronic Warfare and Sensors (PEO IEW&S), Program Executive Office for Command, Control, Communications - Tactical (PEO C3T) from Ft. Monmouth and Ft. Belvoir. Detachment of Army Research Institute (ARI), Ft. Knox. PM C3T from Redstone Arsenal.

Why: Research, Development and Acquisition (RDA) of C4ISR technologies and systems are currently split between three major sites – Ft Monmouth, NJ, Adelphi, MD and Ft Belvoir, VA - and several smaller sites, including Redstone, AL, and Ft Knox, KY. Consolidation of RDA functions into two major sites achieves efficiency and synergy at a lower cost than would be required for multiple sites. This action preserves the Army's "commodity" business model by near collocation of Research, Development, Acquisition, and Logistics functions.

What: The Army Test and Evaluation Command (ATEC) HQs and Army Evaluation Center (AEC) from leased space in Alexandria, VA.

Why: This proposal will consolidate both organizations with pieces of the ATEC and AEC HQs that already reside on APG. Further, the consolidation includes the Developmental Test Command that also currently resides on APG.

What: Relocate part of the Civilian Personnel Operations Center from Rock Island Arsenal, IL to Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD.

Why: This is part of a larger proposal to consolidate Civilian Personnel Offices (CPOs) within each Military Department and the Defense Agencies. The Army Civilian Personnel Operations Center for the northeast will be located at Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD.

What: The Medical Chemical Defense Research of the Walter Reed Army Institute of Research, the Navy Non-Medical Chemical Biological Defense Research and Development & Acquisition activities from Naval Surface Warfare Center, Dahlgren Division, VA and Crane Division, IN, the Air Force Non-Medical Chemical Biological Defense Research and Development & Acquisition activities from Brooks City Base, TX, the Chemical Biological Defense Research component of the Defense Threat Reduction Agency (DTRA), and the Joint Program Executive Office for Chemical Biological Defense from Falls Church, VA to Edgewood Chemical Biological Center, APG.

Why: This recommendation creates a joint Chemical Biological Defense research, development & acquisition at Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD. These actions will increase synergy, focus on joint needs, and efficient use of equipment and facilities by co-locating Tri-Service and Defense activities performing functions in chemical-biological defense and medical RDA. The Edgewood Chemical and Biological Center, APG, is home to the military's most robust infrastructure supporting research utilizing hazardous chemical agents. These actions will also reduce the use of leased space within the National Capital Region, and increase the force protection posture of the realigning activities. This recommendation will co-locate Army, Navy, Air Force and Defense Agency program management expertise for non-medical chemical and biological defense research, development and acquisition at APG, MD and two separate aspects of medical chemical and biological research: medical biological defense research at Ft. Detrick, MD and medical chemical defense research at APG, MD.

Departing Activities

What: The Ordnance Center and School to Fort Lee, VA.

Why: Joins with the Quartermaster Center & School, the Army Logistic Management College, and Combined Arms Support Command creating a Combat Service Support Center.

What: The Army Environmental Center from APG to Ft. Sam Houston.

Why: This proposal moves several Army Headquarters agencies out of the National Capitol Region. The Army Environmental Center is one of several agencies moving to Ft. Sam Houston. This relocation is part of a larger initiative to co-locate functions that support installation management at Ft. Sam Houston. This move also places the Army Environmental Center in San Antonio providing easy accessibility to the Air Force Environmental Agencies.

Others

What: Pre-deployment/mobilization functions from Aberdeen Proving Ground to Fort Dix, NJ

Why: This will consolidate pre-deployment/mobilization functions from several installations to one installation and improve management and reduce activation costs.

Quantitative Results

Net Personnel Impacts ¹			MILCON Cost Estimate
Military	Civilian	Student	
-613	+5357	-2817	\$ 600 Millions

Implementation Timeline: FY06 through FY11

Internal Communications :

- The Army is transforming APG to a full spectrum research, development, acquisition, test and evaluation (T&E) center for C4ISR Systems which has scattered activities across the country. The current infrastructure has made significant contributions to supporting the Army’s missions; however the Army must now look to future requirements and develop an installation portfolio that can support and sustain its new force structure and missions as the Army transforms to an expeditionary force.
- The Army used the BRAC process to achieve a major transformation by collocating and integrating major research and acquisition elements that are currently scattered at many sites at a single site by assembling Human Factors Engineering, Information Technology, Sensors, Electronics, Electronic Warfare, and Chem-Biological Research, Development and Acquisition (RDA) at Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD. These recommendations collocate Communications-Electronics Research Development and Engineering Center, Night Vision Lab, Communications Electronics Command, Army Test and Evaluation Command, several PEOs and PMs, Bio-Medical, and Chemical and Biological Research, Development and Acquisition to a single site.
- These recommendations create a powerful center for soldier-focused systems that permit integration and coordination at every step from R&D, through T&E and Acquisition.

¹ Based on FY03 ASIP data. Does not reflect any personnel changes resulting from standard programming and Command Plan actions since FY03.

External Communications:

- The Army used the BRAC process to achieve a major transformation by collocating and integrating major research and acquisition elements that are currently scattered at many sites at a single site
- These recommendations create a powerful center for soldier-focused systems that permit integration and coordination at every step from R&D, through T&E and Acquisition.
- The Secretary of Defense's BRAC 2005 recommendations demonstrate that Aberdeen Proving Ground is a valuable installation to the Army and DoD.
- It is a part of plan to transform our Armed Services.
- Aberdeen Proving Ground will gain a new importance as the Center for soldier-focused systems in the Army.
- We expect the demands on the community and the benefits to the community from influx of 6000 government personnel to increase significantly.
 - There will be more military families living in the local community, more children attending local schools and more customers at local businesses.
 - It will potentially also bring additional jobs that will need to be filled from the local community.

Approving BRAC Recommendations - Statutory Steps :

16 May 05	SECDEF forwards Recommendations to BRAC Commission
08 Sept 05	BRAC Commission recommendations due to President
23 Sept 05	President approves/disapproves Commission recommendations
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BRAC Recommendations Impacting APG

- Army C4ISR Lifecycle Management Command (LCMC)
- Combat Service Support (CSS) Centre
- Consolidate Civilian Personnel Offices (CPOs)
- ATEC Consolidation
- Relocate Army Headquarters and Field Operating Agencies
- Joint Pre-Deployment Mobilization Sites
- Realign Walter Reed Medical Center in National Capital Region
- Realign Inventory Control Point (ICP) to DLA
- Defense Research Service Led Labs Consolidation
- Create Joint Centers of Excellence for Chemical, Biological and Medical RDA
- Close Brooks City-Base, San Antonio, TX

Army Research Laboratories (ARL)

The Army intends to realign C4ISR related research functions at the Army Research Laboratories (ARL), Adelphi, MD. The recommendation will enhance the value of both the research and the analysis and provide for economies in the use of equipment and expertise.

Incoming Activities

None

Departing Activities

What: Armament Research and Development Center (ARDEC) Fuse Detachment to Picatinny Arsenal, NJ.

Why: Enable significant levels of synergism and efficiency between the Guns and Ammunitions research being consolidated at Picatinny Arsenal, NJ and the analysis and evaluation currently conducted at Adelphi, MD.

Quantitative Results

Table			MILCON Cost Estimate
Net Personnel Impacts ¹			
Military	Civilian	Student	
0	-43	0	\$ 0

Implementation Timeline: According to BRAC law, this (or these) action(s) must be initiated within two years and completed within six years from the date the President transmits the report to Congress.

Internal Communications:

- The Army intends to consolidate the Army Research Laboratory from 5 sites to 2 sites to improve the effectiveness of transition and efficiency of operations.
- The Secretary of Defense's BRAC 2005 recommendations build upon the consolidation of Army S&T activities, which was begun in BRAC 88 and continued in BRAC 91.

External Communications:

¹ Based on FY03 ASIP data. Does not reflect any personnel changes resulting from standard programming and Command Plan actions since FY03.

- A net of 37 government personnel will have a negligible economic impact on the local community in Washington-MD-VA-WV Metropolitan..

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BRAC Recommendations impacting Army Research Laboratories (ARL) at Adelphi, MD

- Realign Guns & Ammo RD&A

Fort Detrick

BRAC 05 recommendations support collocating Biological-Medical RD&A in a single facility and establish a tri-Service Medical-Biological Center of Excellence. This recommendation also transforms Reserve Component facilities in the State of Maryland.

Incoming Activities

What: The Medical Biological Defense Research sub-function from leased space in Rockville, MD, the Office of the Chief of Naval Research, Biomedical Program Management from leased space in the NCR; the Naval Bureau of Medicine, Code M2, from the Potomac Annex; the National Capital Element, DTRA-CB Science and Technology Office (STO) (Medical), Defense Threat Reduction Agency (DTRA) from Ft Belvoir; the Joint Project Manager for Chemical Biological Medical Systems (CBMS) from Falls Church, VA, and Joint Project Manager for Chemical Biological Medical Systems from Frederick, MD.

Why: Establish a Joint Biomedical Research, Development, and Acquisition Management Center at Fort Detrick MD. This center of excellence will utilize the medical research activities currently at Fort Detrick and build on that core expertise in medical biological defense. This will consolidate all organizational elements and personnel involved in headquarters-level planning, investment portfolio management and program and regulatory oversight of DoD Biomedical Science and Technology (S&T) programs and FDA-regulated medical product development.

What: The Medical Biological Defense “Research” function from Naval Medical Research Center, Silver Spring, MD, the Medical Biological Defense “Research” function from Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency, Defense Sciences Office, Biological Defense Program staff, Arlington, VA, and the Medical Biological Defense “Research” function from Walter Reed Army Medical Center, Walter Reed Army Institute of Research, Divisions of Communicable Diseases and Immunology, Pathology, and Biometrics.

Why: These agencies will expand the Medical Biological center of excellence being established on the installation. The expertise they bring in research with communicable diseases and other biological agents for improving Soldier health will supplement the program management functions at Fort Detrick and provide an enhanced DoD capability in this important field.

What: The Medical Biological Defense Research of the Walter Reed Army Institute of Research, Walter Reed Medical Center, DC, and Medical Biological Defense Research from Naval Medical Research Center, Silver Spring, MD.

Why: These Medical Biological research personnel will round out the center of excellence being established at Fort Detrick for Medical Biological RD&A. Additionally this will facilitates the realignment of the Walter Reed Army Medical Center and closure of the garrison post.

What: Armed Forces Reserve Center (AFRC) - US Army Reserve and US Marine Corps Reserve units.

Why: Transform Reserve Component facilities in the State of Maryland into multi-functional installations that will enhance unit readiness, increase training opportunities, and generate operational efficiencies.

Departing Activities

None

Quantitative Results

Net Personnel Impacts ¹			Potential MILCON Cost Estimate
Military	Civilian	Student	
+36	+43	+40	\$ 11 Million

Implementation Timeline: According to BRAC law, these actions must be initiated within two years and completed within six years from the date the President transmits the report to Congress.

Internal Communications :

- Ft. Detrick has played a long and storied role in the history of the US Army and will continue to do so.
- Fort Detrick will gain a new importance as the tri-Service Medical-Biological Center of Excellence in the Army. It becomes a focal point for one of the most critical aspects of Army combat capability – the health of our combat Soldiers.
- The Army also intends to reduce use of leased space, and enhance force protection for Headquarters and Field Operating Agencies.

External Communications: (Civilian community)

- Ft. Detrick has played a long and storied role in the history of the US Army and will continue to do so.
- Fort Detrick will gain a new importance as the tri-Service Medical-Biological Center of Excellence in the Army. It becomes a focal point for one of the most critical aspects of Army combat capability – the health of our combat Soldiers.
- The Army also intends to reduce use of leased space, and enhance force protection for Headquarters and Field Operating Agencies.
- The influx of 181 government personnel will have negligible community impact.

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BRAC Recommendations impacting Fort Detrick

- National Capitol Region
- Create Joint Centers of Excellence for Chemical, Biological and Medical RDA
- RC Transformation in Maryland

Fort Meade

BRAC 05 recommendations have a significant impact on Ft. Meade. The installation will be expanded to accept DoD information and information technology missions.

Incoming Activities

What: Soldier Magazine, Naval Media Center, Army Broadcasting-soldier Radio/TV, Air Force News Agency & Army Hometown News Service, and the American Forces Information Service from various leased sites, Ft. Belvoir and Lackland AFB.

Why: These relocations create a DoD Media Activity at Ft. Meade for all command information products. This provides greater force protection for agencies in high-cost leased space and creates enhanced integration among Military information disseminating organizations.

What: DoD, Air Force and Navy adjudication and security clearance offices and agencies from various leased sites, the Washington Navy Yard, Bolling AFB, the Soldier Systems Center in Natick, MA and the Pentagon.

Why: These relocations co-locate all Military Department and DoD security clearance adjudication and appeals activities. This provides greater force protection for agencies in high-cost leased space and co-locates National Capitol Region intelligence community activities.

What: Defense Information Systems Agency (DISA), JTF-GNO, the Deployable Joint Command & Control Program Office, the Joint Network Management Systems Program Office and the Joint Tactical Radio System Program Office from various NCR lease locations, the Naval Support Activity Panama City, FL and Ft. Monmouth, NJ.

Why: These relocations consolidate headquarters components of DISA and the JTF-GNO and realigns scattered Combatant Commander Development and Acquisition activities into a single activity at Ft. Meade.

Departing Activities

None.

Quantitative Results

Net Personnel Impacts ¹			MILCON Cost Estimate
Military	Civilian	Student	
+685	+2,930	0	\$ 300 Million

¹ Based on FY03 ASIP data. Does not reflect any personnel changes resulting from standard programming and Command Plan actions since FY03.

Implementation Timeline: According to BRAC law, this (or these) action(s) must be initiated within two years and completed within six years from the date the President transmits the report to Congress.

Internal Communications: (Fort Meade Work Force)

- The transformation objectives of the US Army seek to retain installations that are capable of accepting multiple missions, Ft. Meade is one of these.
- Over 3,500 high-tech and professional jobs are coming to Ft. Meade.

External Communications: (Civilian community)

- The Secretary of Defense's BRAC 2005 recommendations demonstrate that Fort Meade is a valuable installation to the Army and DoD, as it provides high-tech development and acquisition capabilities.
- Over 3,500 high-tech and professional jobs are coming to Fort Meade.
- We expect the demands on the community and the benefits to the community from the change in mission to increase significantly.
 - There will be more military families living in the local community, more children attending local schools and more customers at local businesses.

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BRAC Recommendations impacting Ft. Meade

- Close Ft. Monmouth
- Consolidate Media Services Activities at Ft. Meade
- Co-locate Defense & MILDEP security clearance adjudication agencies
- Relocate DISA to Ft. Meade