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NEW JERSEY

Reserve Component	
Gains	Losses
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Build 1 Armed Forces Reserve Center • Build 1 Equipment Concentration Site and Army National Guard Mobilization and Training Equipment Site • Northeast RRC located at Ft Dix (see above) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Close 1 Army Reserve Center • Close 1 Army National Guard Armory with State permission • Close Camp Kilmer
Ft Dix	
Gains	Losses
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ft Dix, Lakehurst NAS, and McGuire AFB designated a Joint Mobilization Site • Northeast Regional Readiness Command Headquarters • 78th Division HQ • Establish a Maneuver Enhancement Brigade • Relocate the 244th Aviation Brigade from Ft Sheridan 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Transfer installation management functions to McGuire AFB • Relocate Equipment Concentration Site 27 to Lakehurst
Ft Monmouth	
Gains	Losses
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • None, close Ft Monmouth 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • US Army Military Academy Preparatory School to West Point • Inventory Control Point functions to Defense Supply Center Columbus • Procurement management and support functions for Depot Level Repairables to Aberdeen Proving Ground • Program Management for Enterprise Information Systems to Ft Belvoir • Joint Network Management System Program Office to Ft Meade • Sensors, Electronics, Electronics Warfare, and Information RDA and Program Executive Offices for Command, Control, Communications Tactical, and Intelligence, Electronic Warfare, and Sensors to Aberdeen Proving Ground
Picatunny Arsenal	
Gains	Losses
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Guns and ammunition Research and Development & Acquisition functions from Indian Head, MD; Crane, IN; Dahlgren, VA; Fallbrook, CA; Port Hueneme, CA; China Lake, CA; Louisville, KY; and Earle, NJ • Army Research & Development Center Fuse Detachment from Army Research Lab, MD 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • None

Army Net Personnel Impacts			Active Army MILCON (\$M)	Army Economic Impact (\$M)
Military	Civilian	Student	Cost Estimate	Total State Salary Change
-223	-3,820	-183	\$186.3	-\$233.6

- Transforming Reserve Component facilities is the key to enable Reserve forces to better meet current and future operational requirements. Ft Dix is an ideal location to support this transformation.
- Closing RC facilities is offset by the construction of modern AFRCs that will be the right size and design to support units that will be stationed there. Transforming RC facilities in New Jersey will improve training, readiness and quality of life for more than 495 RC soldiers, full-time unit support personnel, and their families.
- Each unit and activity transferred from Ft Monmouth has been placed to enhance its operational or support capability through consolidations or co-locations.
- Movement of all the Services' guns and ammunition work to Picatunny Arsenal will create a joint center of excellence and provide synergy in armament development for the near future and beyond, featuring a Joint Packaging, Handling, Shipping and Transportation (PHS&T) Center, particularly important in this current time of enormous demand for guns and ammunition by all the services.
- The result of these hard decisions is a basing configuration that better supports our transforming Army and saves money.

Transform Reserve Component Facilities in the State of New Jersey

BRAC 2005 recommendations transform Reserve Component facilities in the State of New Jersey into multi-functional installations that will enhance unit readiness, increase training opportunities, and generate operational efficiencies. These transformed facilities will provide the capability to conduct Soldier Readiness Processing and Home Station Mobilization, reduce the number of substandard / undersized Reserve Component facilities, enhance Anti-Terror / Force-Protection, promote effective recruiting and retention, and enhance the Homeland Security and Homeland Defense capabilities of the Army Reserve and the Army National Guard.

Reserve Component Transformation in New Jersey (New Facility)

Close the Nelson Brittin Army Reserve Center in Camden, New Jersey and relocate units to a new consolidated Armed Forces Reserve Center in Camden, New Jersey, if the Army can acquire suitable land for the construction of the new facilities. The New AFRC shall have the capability to accommodate units from the New Jersey ARNG Armory, Burlington, if the state decides to relocate those units.

Why: The implementation of this recommendation will enhance military value, improve homeland defense capability, greatly improve training and deployment capability, create significant efficiencies and cost savings, and is consistent with the Army's force structure plans and Army transformational objectives.

This recommendation considered feasible locations within the demographic and geographic areas of the closing facilities and affected units. The site selected was determined as the best location because it optimizes the Reserve Components ability to recruit and retain Reserve Component soldiers and to train and mobilize units impacted by this recommendation.

This recommendation provides the opportunity for other Local, State, or Federal organizations to partner with the Reserve Components to enhance Homeland Security and Homeland Defense at a reduced cost to those agencies.

Other

The Department of Defense understands that the State of New Jersey will close one National Guard Armory in Burlington, New Jersey. The Armed Forces Reserve Centers will have the capability to accommodate these units if the State decides to relocate units to the new multi-functional AFRC in Camden, New Jersey.

Quantitative Results

Number of USAR Centers Closed for that state	1	Number of opportunities to close ARNG Armories for that state	1
Approximate Closing Square Footage	56,000	Approximate New Military Construction Square Footage	58,033

Estimated Implementation Timeline:

Design new AFRCs and acquire land	FY06	Construct new AFRCs	FY07
Relocate units to new AFRCs	FY08	Shut down closing facilities	FY08

Internal Communications:

- The Army knows that transforming Reserve Component facilities is the key to enable Reserve forces to better meet current and future operational requirements. BRAC helps us get there.
- Closing these Reserve Component facilities is offset by the construction of a modern Armed Forces Reserve Center that will be the right size and design to support our unit and other local Guard and Reserve units that will be stationed there.
- Transforming Reserve Component facilities in the State of New Jersey will improve training, readiness and quality of life for more than 495 Reserve Component soldiers, full-time unit support personnel, and their families.

External Communications: (Civilian community)

- The Secretary of Defense's BRAC 2005 recommendations demonstrate that Reserve Component facilities are valuable installations to the Army and DoD.
- The Department of the Army has more than 4000 Reserve Component facilities across the United States. Because of the sheer numbers of these facilities, the process the Army had developed for arriving at a quantitative military value score for its 97 major installations (including leases) was not practical for its Reserve Component facilities. Additionally, if measured by the active process, which valued training lands and ranges among other things, the Reserve Component facilities would not have compared well against the active installations. For these reasons, it was the military judgment of the Department of the Army that it needed to craft a unique approach for ascertaining the overall military value of Reserve Component facilities.
- A team of functional experts from Headquarters, Department of the Army, the Office of the State Adjutant General, and the Army Reserve Regional Readiness Command conducted a military value assessment of state-owned and Army Reserve sub-threshold facilities. These facilities were assessed, specifically against DoD Criteria one through

four, in their ability to support joint stationing options that enhance Army and DoD transformation.

- The Department of the Army decided to consolidate multiple Army Reserve Centers and, where allowed, Army National Guard Armories into modern Armed Forces Reserve Centers because of their potential to enhance Reserve Component operations, training, mobilization and power projection capabilities, and their ability to sustain recruiting and retention.
- The sites for the new AFRCs are also based on their ability to consolidate functions wherever appropriate, to include schools, personnel, logistics, and other management functions.
- New AFRC sites were also selected based on their ability to relocate Reserve Component units and activities from leased and encroached properties that do not meet anti-terrorism and force-protection requirements onto established military facilities, and their ability to ensure the future readiness of Army forces while reducing the long-term costs of sustaining the base structure.
- It is a part of the plan to transform our Armed Services.
- We expect the demands on the community and the benefits to the community from the closure of these Reserve Component properties and the construction of a new Armed Forces Reserve Center will be minimal.

Approving BRAC Recommendations - Statutory Steps:

08 Sept 05	BRAC Commission recommendations due to President
23 Sept 05	President approves/disapproves Commission recommendations
20 Oct 05	Commission resubmits recommendations (if initially rejected by President)
07 Nov 05	President submits final recommendations to Congress. Once submitted, the plan becomes final within 45 legislative days, unless Congress passes a joint resolution to block the entire package.

According to BRAC law, this action must be initiated within two years and completed within six years from the date the President transmits the report to Congress.

Fort Dix

BRAC had no major impacts on the Active Component at Ft Dix. The installation management functions at Fort Dix, Lakehurst Naval Air Station and McGuire Air Force Base will be combined to gain efficiencies. The Reserve Component Command and Control, Training Support and Mobilization missions at Fort Dix will also expand.

Other Activities

What: Transfers installation management functions from Fort Dix to McGuire AFB.

Why: Consolidating installation management at one location achieves joint service efficiencies, fosters consistency, and promotes standardization across the services. This provides the same or better level of service at a reduced cost.

What: Fort Dix, Lakehurst NAS, and McGuire AFB designated a Joint Mobilization Site.

Why: Establishing joint mobilization sites promotes standardization across the services. Establishing and consolidating joint mobilization sites at installations able to adequately prepare, train and deploy service members reduces the disruption and time lag between notification and actual deployment and helps speed demobilization for Soldiers and other Service men and women.

What: Realign Pitt USARC, Coraopolis, PA by disestablishing the HQ 99th Regional Readiness Command and establishing a Northeast Regional Readiness Command Headquarters at Ft. Dix, NJ. Close Camp Kilmer, NJ and relocate the HQ 78th Division and establish a Sustainment Unit of Action at Ft. Dix, NJ. Realign Ft. Totten, NY by disestablishing the HQ 77th Regional Readiness Command and establishing a Maneuver Enhancement Brigade at Ft. Dix, NJ. Realign Ft. Sheridan IL by relocating the 244th Aviation Brigade to Ft. Dix, NJ. Realign Ft. Dix, NJ by relocating Equipment Concentration Site 27 to the New Jersey Army National Guard Mobilization and Training Equipment Site joint facility at Lakehurst, NJ.

Why: The Reserve unit and headquarters moves will improve homeland defense capability, greatly improve training and deployment capability, create significant efficiencies and cost savings, and is consistent with the Army's force structure plans and Army transformational objectives.

Ft Dix was selected as the best location within the demographic and geographic area of the closing facilities and affected units because it optimized the Reserve Components' ability to recruit and retain Reserve Component soldiers and to train and mobilize units impacted by this recommendation.

This recommendation provides the opportunity for other Local, State, or Federal organizations to partner with the Reserve Components to enhance Homeland Security and Homeland Defense at a reduced cost to those agencies.

Quantitative Results

Net Personnel Impacts			MILCON	
Military	Civilian	Student	Square Feet	Cost Estimate
+267*	+142	NONE	135,000	\$132,338,000

** Military figure includes Full-Time Equivalent (FTE) numbers of Reserve Component soldiers relocating from inactivating commands. The FTE number is derived by multiplying the number of officers, warrant officers, and enlisted soldiers by 65 days (48 drill days plus 17 annual training days per year), divided by 365 days per year to calculate the full-time equivalent number of personnel. This number is then added to active duty personnel numbers to provide a total.*

Internal Communications: (Fort Dix Work Force)

- Fort Dix has played a long and storied role in the history of the US Army and it was recognized for its strategic importance to the Army and DoD.
- The transformation objectives of the US Army seek to retain installations that are capable of accepting multiple missions. Fort Dix is an installation of high military value.
- Fort Dix is a center of gravity for Army Reserve Command and Control transformation.
- The Army knows that transforming Reserve Component facilities is the key to enable Reserve forces to better meet current and future operational requirements. Ft. Dix is an ideal location to support this transformation.
- Moving Reserve units to Ft Dix will improve training, readiness and quality of life for Reserve Component soldiers, full-time unit support personnel, and their families.

External Communications: (Civilian community)

- BRAC seeks to focus on the best use of current and future mission capabilities.
- Multi-purpose installations were retained to support the widest range of possible missions.
- As the majority of the Reserve Activities moving onto Ft Dix come from the New Jersey geographic region, the community impacts should be negligible.

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|------------|---|
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BRAC Recommendations that impact Fort Dix:

Department of the Army - USAR Command and Control Northeast

Headquarters and Support Activities - Establish Joint Bases

Headquarters and Support Activities - Joint Mob Sites

Fort Monmouth

BRAC 05 recommends to close Fort Monmouth, and realign both mission functions and major tenants into multiple locations that results in consolidation of like or similar functions into synergy specific installations to increase efficiencies and reduce costs. Key to this closure is the relocation of CECOM, a Major Subordinate Command of the AMC, to Aberdeen Proving Grounds as a complement to the synergy being established at Aberdeen. Utilization of the total capacity of the RDT&E Command is enhanced by consolidation. Non-RDT&E tenants/activities are realigned to installations that have like mission functions where Army and DoD synergy is enhanced.

Incoming Activities

None

Departing Activities

What: Communications-Electronics Command (CECOM), Communications-Electronics Research Development and Engineering Center (CERDEC), Development and Acquisition Logistics Support, Software Engineering Center, Program Executive Office for Intelligence, Electronic Warfare and Sensors (PEO IEW&S), Program Executive Office for Command, Control, Communications Tactical (PEO C3T) to Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD.

Why: Research, Development and Acquisition (RDA), Test and Evaluation of C4ISR technologies and systems are currently split between several major sites – Ft Monmouth, NJ, Ft Dix, NJ, Adelphi, MD and Ft Belvoir, VA - and several smaller sites, including Redstone, AL, and Ft Knox, KY. Consolidation of RDA functions into two major sites achieves efficiency and synergy at a lower cost than would be required for multiple sites. Further, Combining RDA and T&E requires test ranges – which cannot be created at Ft Monmouth. This action preserves the Army's "commodity" business model by near collocation of Research, Development, Acquisition, and Logistics functions.

What: The US Army Military Academy Preparatory School to West Point, NY.

Why: Consolidates Army Academy training from two locations to one location and promotes training effectiveness and functional efficiencies

What: Inventory Control Point functions for Consumable Items to Defense Supply Center Columbus, Ohio, and reestablish it as Defense Logistics Agency (DLA) Inventory Control Point (ICP) functions.

Why: Supports the migration of the remaining Service Consumable Items to the oversight and management of a single DoD agency/activity.

What: Procurement management functions for Depot Level Repairables to Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland, and designate them as Defense Supply Center Columbus, Ohio, Inventory Control Point functions.

Why: Supports the acquisition management of Depot Level Reparables to a single DoD agency/activity.

What: Program Executive Office for Enterprise Information Systems to Ft. Belvoir, VA.

Why: DoD has identified a need to consolidate various Department of Defense research functions. In order to fulfill this objective, the research functions at Ft. Monmouth will be moved to an Army installation with higher research value to the Department.

What: Joint Network Management System Program Office to Fort Meade, MD.

Why: DoD has identified a need to consolidate various Department of Defense research functions. In order to fulfill this objective, the research functions at Ft. Monmouth will be moved to an Army installation with higher research value to the Department

Quantitative Results

Net Personnel Impacts ¹			MILCON Cost Estimate
Military	Civilian	Student	
-417	-4,652	-203	0

Implementation Timeline:

According to BRAC law, these actions must be initiated within two years and completed within six years from the date the President transmits the report to Congress.

Internal Communications: (Fort Monmouth Work Force)

- The Army is seeking an installation to a full spectrum research, development, acquisition, test and evaluation (T&E) center for C4ISR Systems. Ft Monmouth has a long and storied history, and has made significant contributions to supporting the Army's missions; however, the Army must now look to future requirements and develop an installation portfolio that can support and sustain its new force structure and missions as the Army transforms to an expeditionary force.
- Each unit and activity transferred from Ft Monmouth has been placed to enhance its operational or support capability through consolidations or co-locations.
- The result of these hard decisions is a basing configuration that better supports our transforming Army and saves money.

¹ Based on FY03 ASIP data. Does not reflect any personnel changes resulting from standard programming and Command Plan actions since FY03.

External Communications: (Civilian community)

- The indirect economic impact of this closure is estimated at a reduction of 1.15 percent of the economic area employment.
- The Army is committed to working with local communities as Ft Monmouth closes to smooth the transition process.
- Fort Monmouth has played a long and storied role in the history of the US Army and it was a difficult decision to close it.
- The transformation objectives of the US Army seek to retain installations that are capable of accepting multiple missions.

Approving BRAC Recommendations - Statutory Steps:

- 16 May 05 SECDEF forwards Recommendations to BRAC Commission
- 08 Sept 05 BRAC Commission recommendations due to President
- 23 Sept 05 President approves/disapproves Commission recommendations
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BRAC Recommendations impacting Fort Monmouth

- Close Fort Monmouth
- Inventory Control Points to DLA

Picatinny Arsenal

BRAC 05 recommendations transform Picatinny Arsenal into a more specific and complete Life Cycle Management Command by enhancing its already multi-functional and joint missions associated with both armaments and munitions by consolidating like functions from other installations into a single source. This results in multiple consolidations that directly impact all aspects of weapon system management and cost reductions in acquisition and personnel.

Incoming Activities

What: Gun and ammunition Research and Development & Acquisition from detachment of Naval Surface Warfare Center Divisions of Crane, IN, China Lake, CA, Fallbrook, CA, Indian Head, MD, Dahlgren, VA, Louisville, KY, detachment of Naval Surface Warfare Center Division Port Hueneme, CA.

Why: Movement of all the Services' weapons and munitions work to Picatinny Arsenal will create a joint center of excellence and provide synergy in armament development for the near future and beyond, featuring a Joint Packaging, Handling, Shipping and Transportation (PHS&T) Center, particularly important in this current time of enormous demand for guns and ammunition by all the services.

What: Weapon and armament packaging Research and Development & Acquisition from Naval Surface Warfare Center Division Earle, NJ.

Why: Movement of all the Services' weapons and munitions work to Picatinny Arsenal will create a joint center of excellence and provide synergy in armament development for the near future and beyond, featuring a Joint Packaging, Handling, Shipping and Transportation (PHS&T) Center, particularly important in this current time of enormous demand for guns and ammunition by all the services.

What: Armament Research and Development Center (ARDEC) Fuse Detachment from Army Research Laboratories (ARL), Adelphi, MD.

Why: Enable significant levels of synergism and efficiency between the Guns and Ammunitions research being consolidated at Picatinny Arsenal, NJ and the analysis and evaluation currently conducted at Adelphi, MD.

Departing Activities

None

Quantitative Results

Net Personnel Impacts ¹			MILCON Cost Estimate
Military	Civilian	Student	
+5	+688	0	\$54.0M

Implementation Timeline:

According to BRAC law, these actions must be initiated within two years and completed within six years from the date the President transmits the report to Congress.

Internal Communications: (Picatinny Arsenal Work Force)

- Picatinny Arsenal has played a long and storied role in the history of the US Army and it will continue to do so.
- Picatinny Arsenal will gain a new importance as a DoD Center Guns and ammunition Research and Development & Acquisition. It becomes a focal point for one of the most critical aspects of Army combat capability. The weaponry and ammunition on which our Soldiers depend.

External Communications: (Civilian community)

- Picatinny Arsenal has played a long and storied role in the history of the US Army and it will continue to do so.
- Picatinny Arsenal will gain a new importance as a DoD Center Guns and ammunition Research and Development & Acquisition.. It becomes a focal point for one of the most critical aspects of Army combat capability, the weaponry and ammunition on which our Soldiers depend.
- We expect the demands on the community and the benefits to the community from the change in mission to increase significantly.
 - There will be more military families living in the local community, more children attending local schools and more customers at local businesses.
 - It will potentially also bring additional jobs that will need to be filled from the local community.

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BRAC Recommendations impacting Picatinny Arsenal

- Realign Guns and Ammunition RD&A