

NEW MEXICO

Reserve Component	
Gains	Losses
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Build 1 Armed Forces Reserve Center on Kirtland Air Force Base 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Close 1 Armed Forces Reserve Center
White Sands Missile Range	
Gains	Losses
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • None 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Relocate Army Research Laboratory activities, except Test and Evaluation functions, to Aberdeen Proving Ground

Army Net Personnel Impacts			Active Army MILCON (\$M)	Army Economic Impact (\$M)
Military	Civilian	Student	Cost Estimate	Total State Salary Change
-13	-165	0	\$0.0	-\$9.6

- As part of a plan to transform Defense Research and Development activities essential to Network Centric Warfare, the Army intends to consolidate the Army Research Laboratory from 5 sites to 2 sites to improve the effectiveness of transition and efficiency of operations.
- Closing RC facilities is offset by the construction of modern AFRCs that will be the right size and design to support units that will be stationed there. Transforming Reserve Component facilities in the State of New Mexico will improve training, readiness and quality of life for more than 890 Reserve Component soldiers, full-time unit support personnel, and their families.

Transform Reserve Component Facilities in the State of New Mexico

BRAC 2005 recommendations transform Reserve Component facilities in the State of New Mexico into multi-functional installations that will enhance unit readiness, increase training opportunities, and generate operational efficiencies. These transformed facilities will provide the capability to conduct Soldier Readiness Processing and Home Station Mobilization, reduce the number of substandard / undersized Reserve Component facilities, enhance Anti-Terror / Force-Protection, promote effective recruiting and retention, and enhance the Homeland Security and Homeland Defense capabilities of the Army Reserve and the Army National Guard.

Armed Forces Reserve Center (AFRC) Kirtland (New Facility)

What: Close the Jenkins Armed Forces Reserve Center located in Albuquerque, New Mexico and re-locate the units into a new Armed Forces Reserve Center on Kirtland Air Force Base.

Why: The implementation of this recommendation will enhance military value, improve homeland defense capability, greatly improve training and deployment capability, create significant efficiencies and cost savings, and is consistent with the Army's force structure plans and Army transformational objectives.

This recommendation considered feasible locations within the demographic and geographic areas of the closing facilities and affected units. The site selected was determined as the best location because it optimizes the Reserve Components ability to recruit and retain Reserve Component soldiers and to train and mobilize units impacted by this recommendation.

This recommendation provides the opportunity for other Local, State, or Federal organizations to partner with the Reserve Components to enhance Homeland Security and Homeland Defense at a reduced cost to those agencies.

Other

This recommendation closes an Armed Forces Reserve Center (AFRC) located in Albuquerque, New Mexico and relocates units to a new multi-functional AFRC on Kirtland Air Force Base, New Mexico. This recommendation reduces the number of separate DOD installations by relocating a geographically separate facility onto an existing base. Reducing the number of DoD installations also reduces the manpower costs required to sustain multiple facilities.

Quantitative Results

USAR Facilities closing	1	ARNG Facilities closing	0
Approximate Closing Square Footage	67,440	Approximate New Military Construction Square Footage	69,705

Estimated Implementation Timeline:

Design new AFRCs and acquire land	FY06	Construct new AFRCs	FY07
Relocate units to new AFRCs	FY08	Shut down closing facilities	FY08

Internal Communications:

- The Army knows that transforming Reserve Component facilities is the key to enable Reserve forces to better meet current and future operational requirements. BRAC helps us get there.
- Closing these Reserve Component facilities is offset by the construction of a modern Armed Forces Reserve Center that will be the right size and design to support our unit and other local Guard and Reserve units that will be stationed there.
- Transforming Reserve Component facilities in the State of New Mexico will improve training, readiness and quality of life for more than 890 Reserve Component soldiers, full-time unit support personnel, and their families.

External Communications: (Civilian community)

- The Secretary of Defense's BRAC 2005 recommendations demonstrate that Reserve Component facilities are valuable installations to the Army and DoD.
- The Department of the Army has more than 4000 Reserve Component facilities across the United States. Because of the sheer numbers of these facilities, the process the Army had developed for arriving at a quantitative military value score for its 97 major installations (including leases) was not practical for its Reserve Component facilities. Additionally, if measured by the active process, which valued training lands and ranges among other things, the Reserve Component facilities would not have compared well against the active installations. For these reasons, it was the military judgment of the Department of the Army that it needed to craft a unique approach for ascertaining the overall military value of Reserve Component facilities.
- A team of functional experts from Headquarters, Department of the Army, the Office of the State Adjutant General, and the Army Reserve Regional Readiness Command conducted a military value assessment of state-owned and Army Reserve sub-threshold facilities. These facilities were assessed, specifically against DoD Criteria one through

four, in their ability to support joint stationing options that enhance Army and DoD transformation.

- The Department of the Army decided to consolidate multiple Army Reserve Centers and, where allowed, Army National Guard Armories into modern Armed Forces Reserve Centers because of their potential to enhance Reserve Component operations, training, mobilization and power projection capabilities, and their ability to sustain recruiting and retention.
- The sites for the new AFRCs are also based on their ability to consolidate functions wherever appropriate, to include schools, personnel, logistics, and other management functions.
- New AFRC sites were also selected based on their ability to relocate Reserve Component units and activities from leased and encroached properties that do not meet anti-terrorism and force-protection requirements onto established military facilities, and their ability to ensure the future readiness of Army forces while reducing the long-term costs of sustaining the base structure.
- It is a part of the plan to transform our Armed Services.
- We expect the demands on the community and the benefits to the community from the closure of these Reserve Component properties and the construction of a new Armed Forces Reserve Center will be minimal.

Approving BRAC Recommendations - Statutory Steps:

08 Sept 05	BRAC Commission recommendations due to President
23 Sept 05	President approves/disapproves Commission recommendations
20 Oct 05	Commission resubmits recommendations (if initially rejected by President)
07 Nov 05	President submits final recommendations to Congress. Once submitted, the plan becomes final within 45 legislative days, unless Congress passes a joint resolution to block the entire package.

According to BRAC law, this action must be initiated within two years and completed within six years from the date the President transmits the report to Congress.

White Sands Missile Range (WSMR)

The Army intends to realign C4ISR-related analysis and evaluation functions of Army Research Laboratories (ARL) Survivability/Lethality Analysis Directorate (SLAD) and Battlespace Environment (BE) Division of the Computer and Information Systems Directorate (CISD) from White Sands Missile range, NM to ARL at Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD. The recommendation will enhance the value of both the research and the analysis and provide for economies in the use of equipment and expertise.

Incoming Activities

None.

Departing Activities

What: ARL's Survivability/Lethality Analysis Directorate (SLAD) and Battlespace Environment (BE) Division of the Computer and Information Systems Directorate (CISD).

Why: Enable significant levels of synergism and efficiency between the C4ISR research being consolidated at Aberdeen Proving Ground and the analysis and evaluation currently conducted at WSMR.

Quantitative Results

Net Personnel Impacts ¹			MILCON Cost Estimate
Military	Civilian	Student	
-13	-165	0	\$ 0

Implementation Timeline: According to BRAC law, these actions must be initiated within two years and completed within six years¹ from the date the President transmits the report to Congress.

Internal Communications:

- The Army intends to consolidate the Army Research Laboratory from 5 sites to 2 sites to improve the effectiveness of transition and efficiency of operations.
- The Secretary of Defense's BRAC 2005 recommendations build upon the consolidation of Army S&T activities, which was begun in BRAC 88 and continued in BRAC 91.
- It is a part of plan to transform Defense Research and Development activities essential to Network Centric Warfare.

External Communications:

¹ Based on FY03 ASIP data. Does not reflect any personnel changes resulting from standard programming and Command Plan actions since FY03.

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- It is a part of plan to transform Defense Research and Development activities essential to Network Centric Warfare.

Approving BRAC Recommendations - Statutory Steps:

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|------------|---|
| 16 May 05 | SECDEF forwards Recommendations to BRAC Commission |
| 08 Sept 05 | BRAC Commission recommendations due to President |
| 23 Sept 05 | President approves/disapproves Commission recommendations |
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BRAC Recommendations Impacting WSMR

- Defense Research Service Led Labs Consolidation